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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/622,956	07/18/2003	Jordan M. Slott	SUN030102	SUN030102 3992		
24209	7590 08/21/200	6	EXAM	EXAMINER		
GUNNISON MCKAY & HODGSON, LLP 1900 GARDEN ROAD			HSU.	HSU, JONI		
SUITE 220			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
MONTERE	Y, CA 93940		2628	2628		
			DATE MAIL ED: 08/21/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	•
10/622,956	SLOTT ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	•
Joni Hsu	2628	
001117104	2020	

	Joni Hsu	2628	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 08 August 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or of this application, applicant must timely file one of the folloplaces the application in condition for allowance; (2) a N (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compfollowing time periods: 	on the same day as filing a Notice of owing replies: (1) an amendment, a otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in	of Appeal. To avoid at affidavit, or other evide a compliance with 37 (ence, which CFR 41.31; or
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of	f the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advevent, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the	nan SIX MONTHS from the mailing date o	of the final rejection.	
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(Ŋ.		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date or been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension of CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened stabove, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	and the corresponding amount of the fee. atutory period for reply originally set in the	The appropriate extension final Office action; or (2)	on fee under 37 as set forth in (b)
NOTICE OF APPEAL		- <i>E</i> lladikhin b maan	Ab6461-4-
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in com of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any of Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must 	extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal	of the appeal.
AMENDMENTS 2. ☑ The result of the state of	huk waisanka kha daka af filima a bais	of will mak be embersed	h
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection (a) They raise new issues that would require further companies. 			because
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE believe)		71 E 50,017),	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be		educing or simplifying	the issues for
appeal; and/or (d)☐ They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally re	eiected claims	
NOTE: see attached sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.116 a		sjected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.		compliant Amendmen	(PTOL-324)
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s		У., р., 2., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.	(
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be		e, timely filed amendn	nent canceling
the non-allowable claim(s).	·	•	•
 For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proposed. 		vill be entered and an	explanation of
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:			
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-13, 47-59, 72</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, because applicant failed to provide a showing of good a and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	out before or on the date of filing a nd sufficient reasons why the affida	Notice of Appeal will gavit or other evidence	<u>not</u> be entered is necessary
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filin entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appears and was not earlier presented.	eal and/or appellant fa See 37 CFR 41.33(d)	nils to provide a (1).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanati REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	on of the status of the claims after	entry is below or attac	ched.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered be see attached sheet.	ut does NOT place the application	in condition for allowa	ance because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)	. (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper	· No(s)	
13. Other:	, ,	Ollen Ch	gulo
		ULKA CHAI UPERVISORY PATE	UHAN ENT EYAMINE
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Applicant argues that the Examiner's previous statement that "A bitmap is the same as a frame buffer or memory" and therefore QuickDraw's use of the bitmap is the same as Applicants' use of off-screen memory is contradicted in Applicants' disclosure and in the text of the Epard reference (US005241625A) (page 15, paragraph 2). The proposed combination of Yang (US 20020035596A1) with Epard still fails to address the fact that Epard discloses the use of QuickDraw 21 and bitmaps and therefore teaches away from such combination. The proposed combination is improper because Epard does not disclose this feature because Epard uses completely different means in a completely different environment (pages 16-17). The Examiner is failing to consider the cited references as a whole, including the recited limitations and working environments and tools used with the references such as the use of QuickDraw 21 and bitmaps. The Examiner has failed to show a suggestion or desirability, and thus the obviousness, of making the proposed combination in either reference. The Examiner has failed to show a reasonable expectation of success. The Examiner is using impermissible hindsight vision afforded by the claimed invention to propose an improper combination (page 18).

In reply, the Examiner disagrees. Yang teaches that the off-screen bitmaps are stored in an off-screen memory with available memory [0017]. Epard and Yang are both directed to remote control of a client's off-screen surface (Col. 11, lines 54-57; Col. 6, lines 40-49; Col. 8, lines 6-10 in Epard; [0017] in Yang), and therefore they are both directed to using similar means in a similar environment. Since Epard teaches the use of off-screen bitmaps (Col. 8, lines 6-10), the device of Epard can be modified by Yang so that the off-screen bitmaps of Epard are stored in an off-screen memory with available memory as taught by Yang because Yang discloses the advantage of reducing the amount of graphical data transmitted between the server and the client,

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which increases the performance speed [0004, 0005]. Therefore, Yang discloses that modifying the device of Epard to include this off-screen memory would improve the performance of the device of Epard, and therefore gives motivation to combine Yang and Epard. Epard would be modified by having QuickDraw copy bit images to a bitmap off-screen (Col. 8, lines 6-10 in Epard) within an off-screen memory with available memory, as suggested by Yang, so that images can be displayed more quickly, which is the intended purpose of Epard (Col. 3, lines 5-43 in Epard).

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In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).